

Ressources naturelles Canada

Climate adaptation in the lineages of the Swiss needle cast agent Nothophaeocryptopus gaeumanii

Nicolas Feau, PhD Canadian Forest Service/Natural Resources Canada Pacific Forestry Centre, Victoria

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What's up with SNC in British Columbia?

David Rusch will tell you in the next presentation

Me: I will talk about SNC lineages & adaptation and of course some ACGT stuff



SNC in the Chilliwack river valley in British Columbia



Lineage 2 seems to like the humidity and cooler temperatures of the coast

2022-2023's survey suggests that L2 is becoming difficult to find



Riding the "genomics time travelling machine"



Genomes were used to infer SNC evolutionary & demographic history

Time estimate of lineages divergence

Demographic expansion of Lineage 1c







time

Lineage 1c is introgressed by Lineage 2

_		Model likelihood
_	No gene flow	-2847.73
1	Lin1c <-> Lin1i	-2559.29
2	Lin2 => Lin1c	-2511.67

No barriers to gene flow between the three lineages



Lineage 1c has a higher adaptive plasticity than Lineage 2

1 - Temperature

Lineage response (30 ind./lineage) to temperature changes differs

Growth rate at different temperatures:

Lin. 1c > Lin. 2 & Lin. 1i





Lineage 1c has a higher adaptive plasticity than Lineage 2

2 - Drought

Growth rate at 20°C under drought stress:

Lin.1c > Lin. 2 & Lin. 1i

20°C + drought (3% MEA + 10% glycerol)



The genetic variation between SNC lineages is explained by spatial and environmental variables

Adpative genetic variation in Lin. 1i explained by host specificity and elevation

Lin. 1c and Lin. 2: can be explained by only few climatic variables (P < 0.001)



RDA1

Climate is triggering some changes in lineages distribution

Modeling of SNC expected distribution (Naomie Herpin-Saunier et al. 2022)

- Environmental tolerance range of Lin. 1c exceeds that of Lin. 2
- Lin. 1c favored by hotter and drier summers
- Lin. 2 has less tolerance to heat







Studying Df x SNC x Drought



Phenotyping (growth & SNC severity) 4 Douglas-fir families from BC-MoF Transcriptomics (gene expression)

Controlling SNC infections in the lab: Mission impossible?

N. gaeumannii does not sporulate in Petri dishSprayed fragmented mycelium (20gr/L);Mist chambers 17-21°C, >80% humidity





Mission possible!

3 weeks post inoculation :







qPCR detection confirmed at 6-months postinoculation

Six months after the first inoculation :

- Drought impacts tree growth (we knew that)
- SNC impacts diameter growth
- Trend visible (and significant) in
 3 families (out of 4 tested)
- SNC effect not visible on tree lenght



Diameter growth in Df family 81

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Healthy Trees for Future Climates

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nicolas.feau@nrcan-rncan.gc.ca