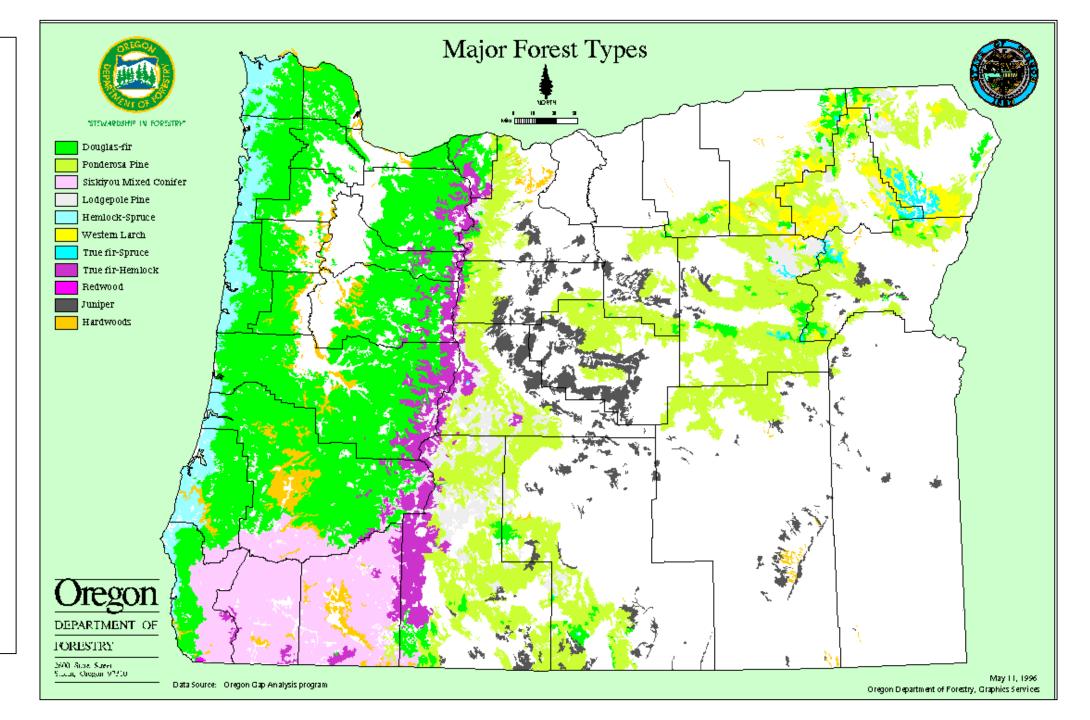
Oregon Forests

About 30 million acres

½ of the state...

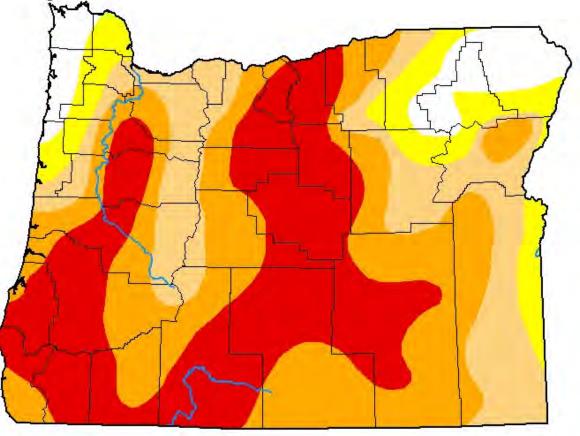




U.S. Drought Monitor Oregon

September 29, 2020

(Released Thursday, Oct. 1, 2020) Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Intensity:

None

D0 Abnormally Dry

D1 Moderate Drought

D2 Severe Drought

D3 Extreme Drought

D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

Brad Rippey U.S. Department of Agriculture









Douglas-fir beetle and Flatheaded fir borer are likely involved

Mortality of Douglas-fir

due to drought.

droughtmonitor.unl.edu



























Aerial Detection Survey

- USDA Forest Service and Oregon Dept of Forestry
- In Washington; USFS/WA Dept. of Natural Resources
- Photos: ODF







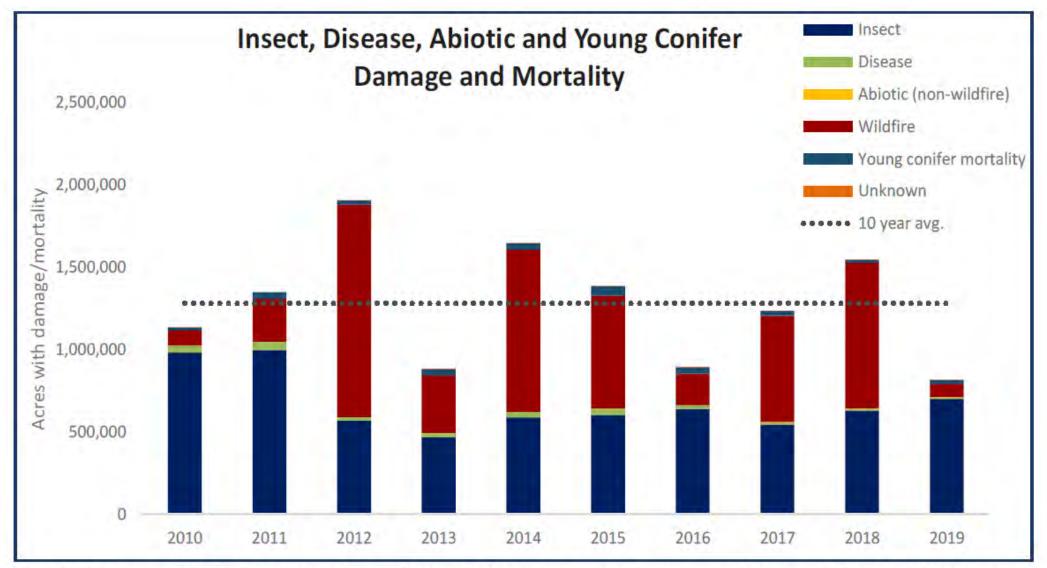


Figure 4. Of the approximately 30 million total forested acres in Oregon about 738,500 acres contained damage or mortality from insects, disease and abiotic stressors that could be observed in aerial surveys, and about another 79,000 acres were damaged by wildfire in 2019.

Keeping an eye on forest plantations

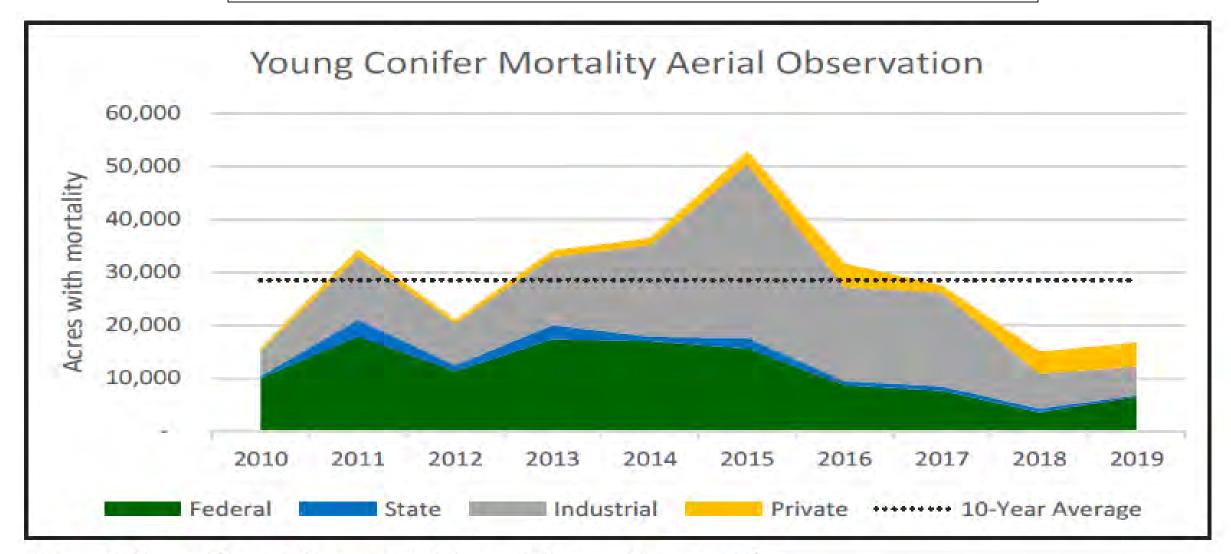


Figure 6. Acres with mortality mapped during aerial survey of young conifer.

From Oregon Dept of Forestry, Forest Health Highlights 2019

Major forest disease epidemics in Oregon Major Forest Types 1 1 3 3 Mês []]]]]]]]] ouglas-fir onderosa Pine Siskiyou Mixed Conifer Lodgepole Pine Hemlock-Spruce Western Larch True fir-Spruce, True fir-Hemlock **Swiss Needle Cast** Redwood In Douglas-fir Juniper Hardwoods Port Orford Cedar White Pine Blister Rust **Root Disease** Orego DEPARTMENT TORESTRY Sudden Oak Death 2600 Suna Sueer Succes, Chogon 97910 May 11, 1996 Data Source. Oregon Gap Analysis program Oregon Department of Forestry, Graphics Services

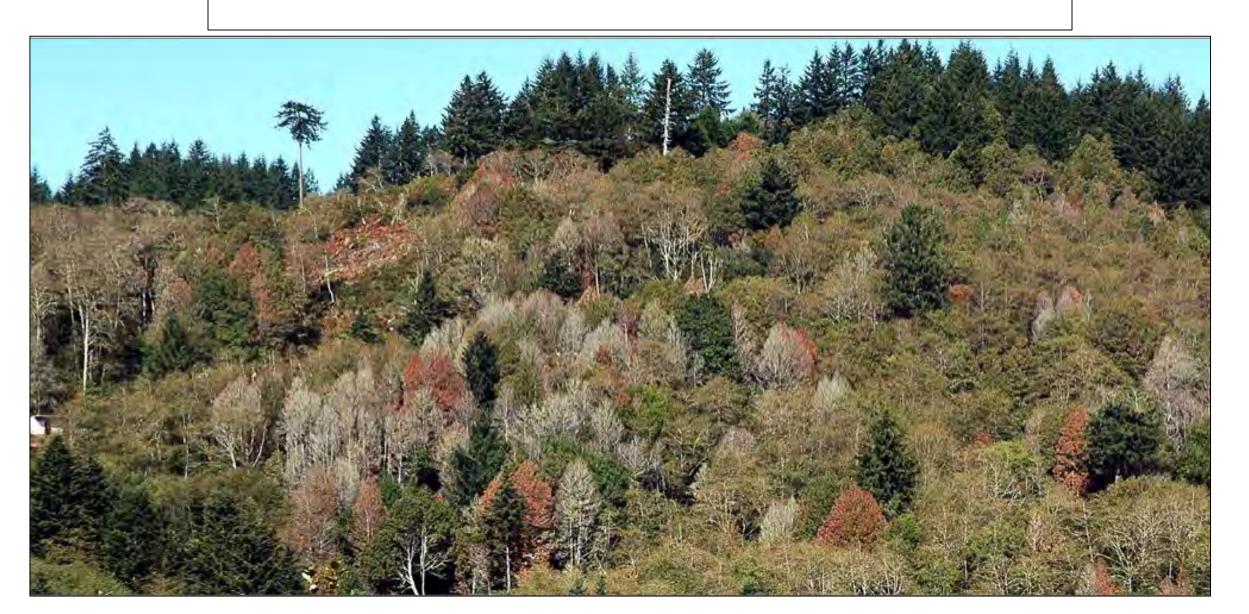
SUDDEN OAK DEATH CURRY COUNTY, OR Washington . Curry County THOMAS CREEK ● INFECTED TREE 2019- EU1 GENERALLY INFESTED AREA 6 EQUARANTINE 2016 CHETCO BAR FIRE Public Ownership DUM LAND USES LAND Figure 30. Map of 500 infection area (red) and quarantine area (yellow), EUT and NAT are two different lineages of P. ramorum. In Europe, the EUT lineage kills or damages conifer tree

species and is considered more aggressive than the NAT lineage.

Sudden oak death in Oregon



Mortality in the generally infested area



Other Douglas-fir Foliage Diseases

Phytophthora (Red) needle cast

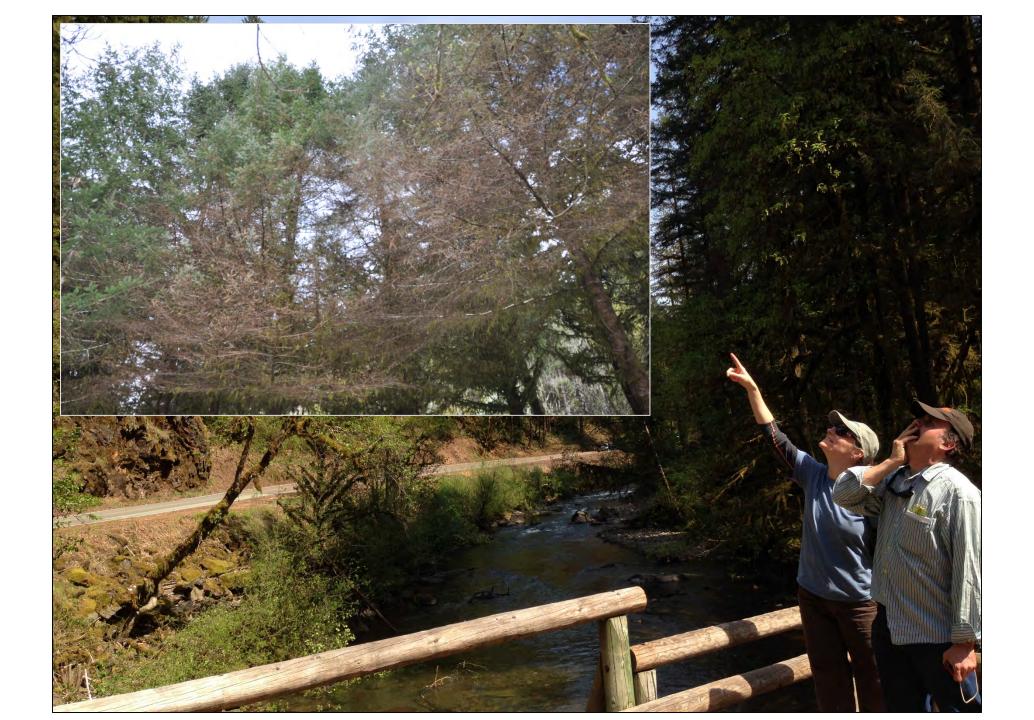
Rhizoctonia – Web blight



• Rhabdocline needle cast









Red needle cast



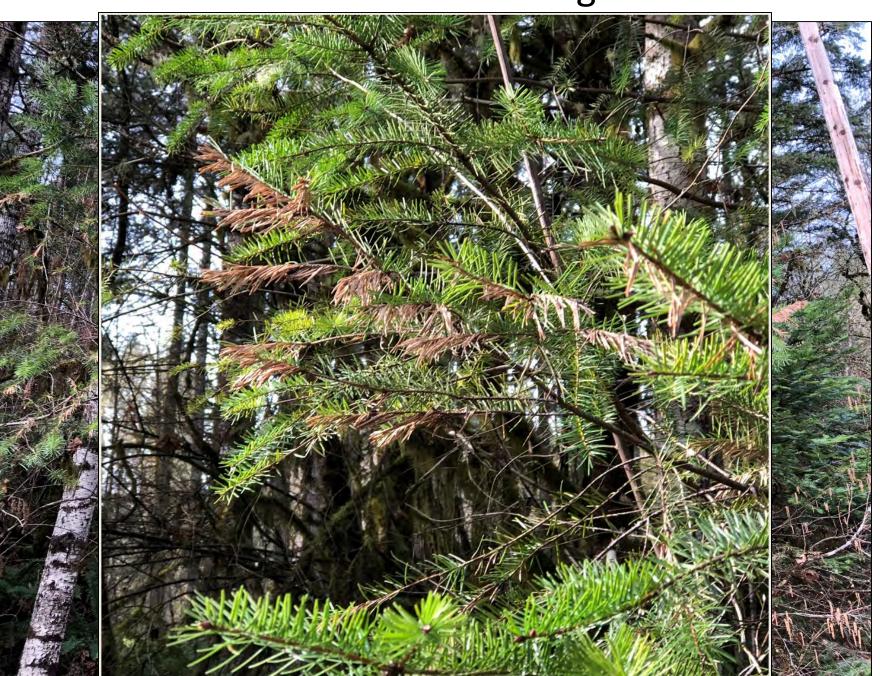


Red needle cast



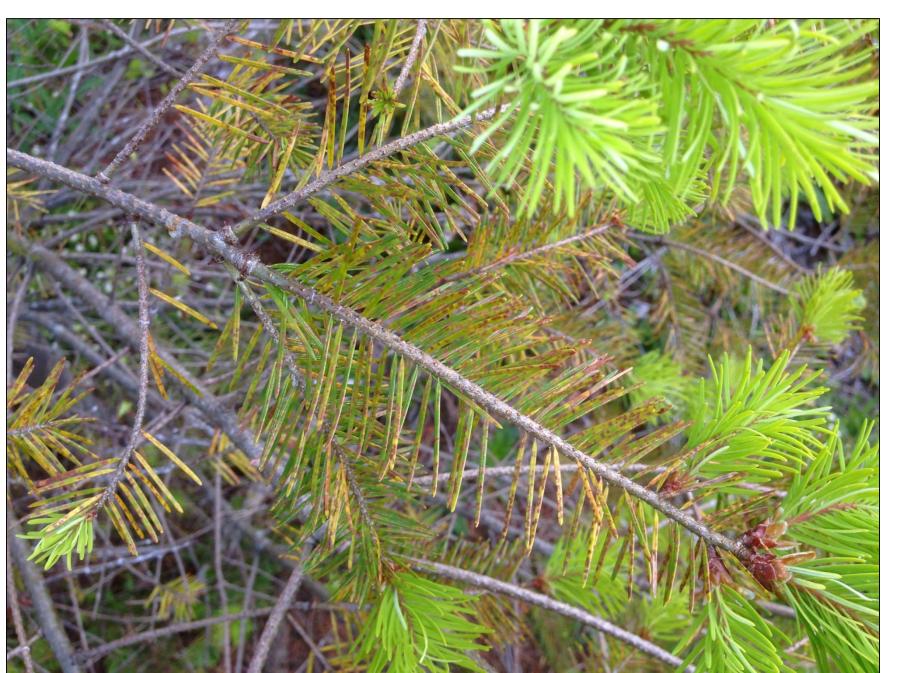


Rhizoctonia Web Blight





Rhabdocline needle cast

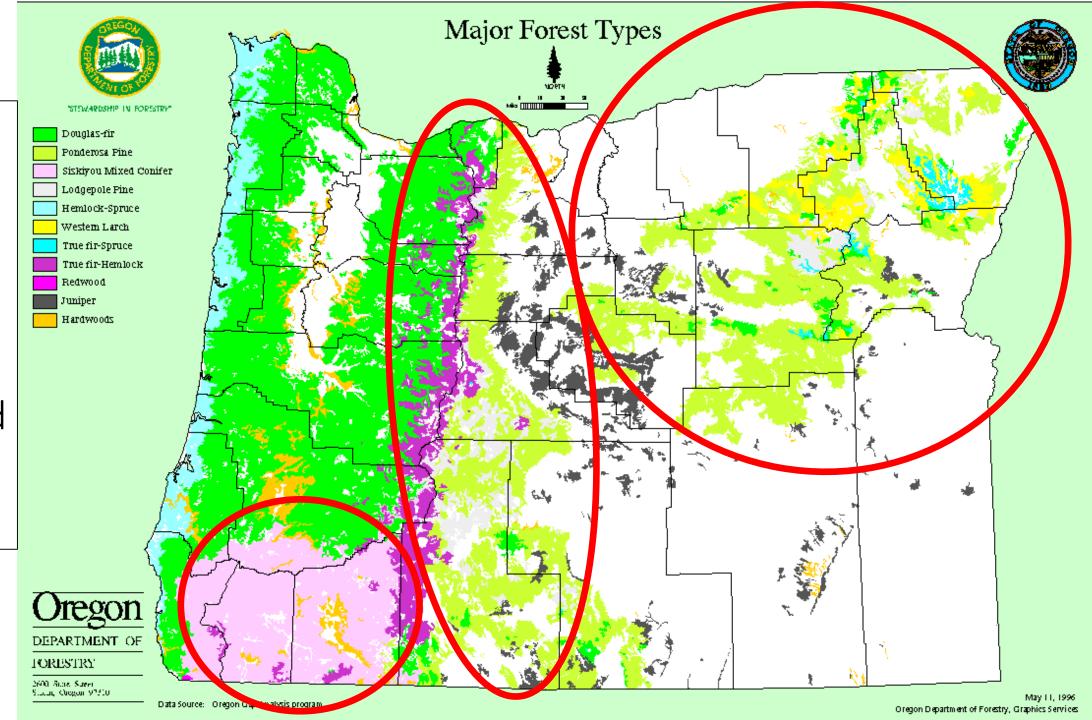






Oregon Forest Insects

Bark beetles associated with most mortality



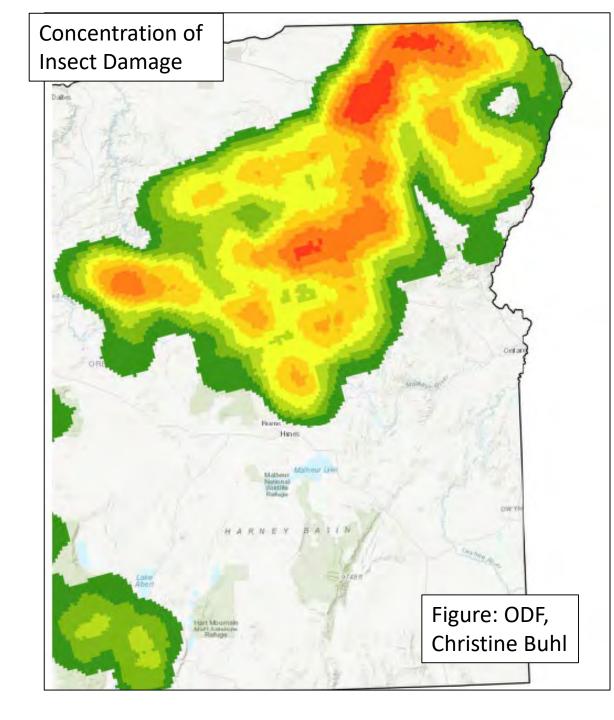
Concentration of **Insect Damage** Figure: ODF, Christine Buhl

Western Oregon and Cascades

- Bark Beetles
 - Douglas-fir beetle: Douglas-fir
 - Fir engraver: grand fir and other true fir
 - Mt. Pine beetle: sugar pine in SW Oregon
- Wood borers
 - Flatheaded fir borer: especially Douglas-fir SW Oregon

Eastern Oregon

- Bark beetles
 - Mt. Pine beetle
 - Western pine beetle
 - Pine engravers
 - Fir engraver
 - Douglas-fir beetle
- Defoliators
 - Douglas-fir tussock moth
- Adelgids (like aphids)
 - Balsam woolly adelgid





Aerial Detection Survey: USFS, ODF, WA DNR

 https://usfs.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=87d 6cf9c2e1a45408ef01a357b84c811